



# **TMdrive-30<sup>™</sup> Product Application Guide**

Medium Voltage 3-Level IGBT System Drive

metals cranes paper cement oil & gas mining utilities rubber & plastics

# A Look On The Inside

Reliable medium voltage dc-fed system drive technology for high power applications:

- Heat pipe cooling technology that reduces the size of the power bridge and audible noise generated by the cooling fans
- Modular phase-leg assemblies mounted on heavy-duty slides that reduce the time required for maintenance
- Common control hardware that lowers the cost of spare parts inventory

## **Thyristor Bridge**

A 12-pulse input section provides good harmonic performance for the thyristor converter. Forward and reverse

conducting devices allow both motoring and regenerative operation. The converter also provides smooth charging and discharging of the dc bus to control inrush and enhance safety.

# Incoming Power (Main and Control)

The converter in each lineup is fed 6-phase ac power. Main power connections are located in the rear of the TMdrive-T30™ converter. Only bottom access entry is supported. In addition, 3-phase ac control power is fed to each converter and inverter control cabinet. A control power disconnect is

provided in each cabinet.



#### I/O Board

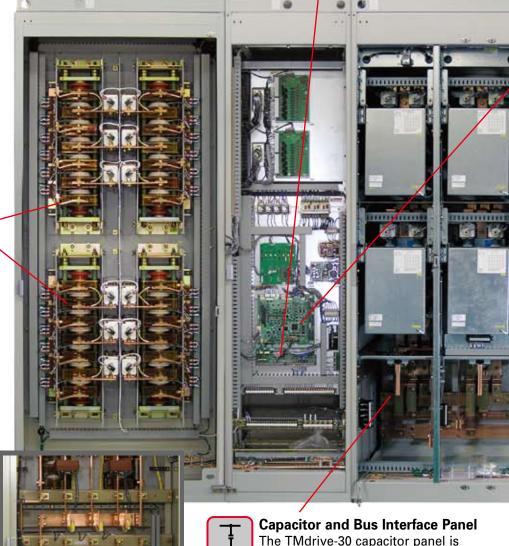
The I/O board supports an encoder, 24 V dc I/O, 115 V ac inputs, and analog I/O, standard. In addition, a resolver interface

option can be provided. All I/O are terminated to a two-piece modular terminal block for ease of maintenance.



3300 Frame Converter

TM-30 Capacitor



Capacitor and Bus Interface Panel
The TMdrive-30 capacitor panel is
used to provide an electrical interface
with the TMdrive-30 inverter. Remotely
mounted dc link reactors are wired between
these connections. In addition, each TMdrive-30
inverter phase leg has a set of capacitors that
are housed in a modular draw-out unit for ease
of maintenance.





## **Control Functions**

Each inverter and regenerative converter shares a common set of control boards. The primary control board performs several functions:

- Speed and torque regulation
- Sequencing
- I/O mapping
- · Diagnostic data gathering

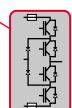
A mounting bracket is provided for an optional LAN interface board.

**Panel** 

#### 2000 Frame Inverter







# IGBT Three-Level Phase-leg Assembly

The inverters and IGBTbased sources have modular three-level phase leg assemblies. Each phase leg includes:

- IGBTs with flyback diodes
- Heatpipe assembly
- IGBT gate driver circuit board
- Heavy-duty slides that allow easy access for maintenance activities
- · High-speed fuses



## **Common DC Bus**

The dc converter in each lineup generates dc power for each of the inverters. The inverters then create variable frequency ac power to control the induction motors. This dc power for the lineup is conveyed on a copper bus bar system located in the bottom of the cabinets. This design allows multiple inverters to be powered from a single converter.

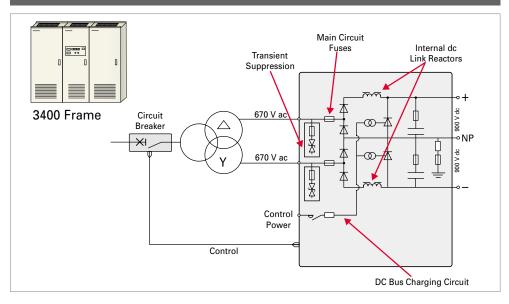


## **Motor Bus Tabs**

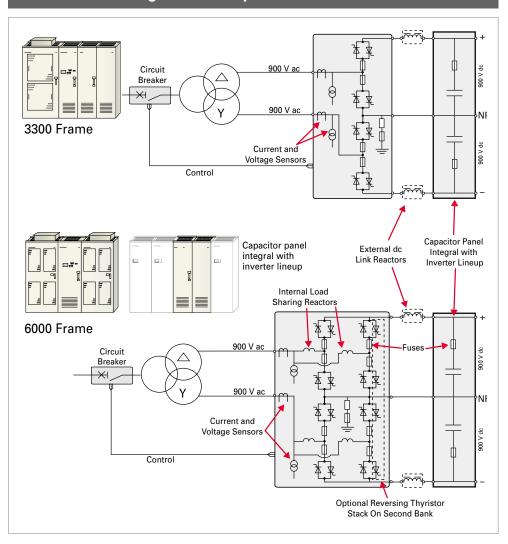
Each phase leg has a motor bus tab located at the bottom of the modular phase leg.

# A Wide Variety of Power Bridges For Every Application

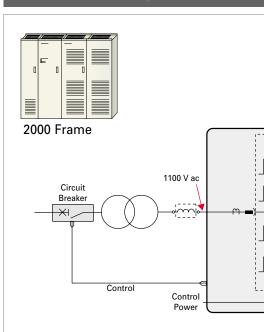
# TMdrive- D30™ Non-Regenerative Diode Converter

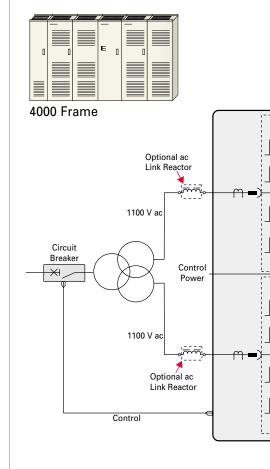


# TMdrive-T30™ Regenerative Thyristor Converter

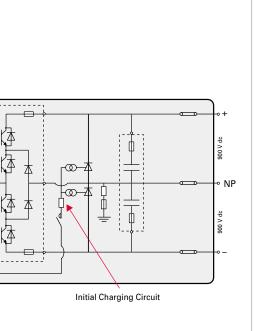


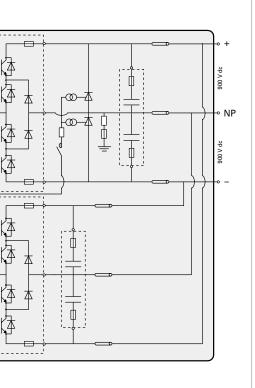
# TMdrive-P30™ Regenerative IGBT



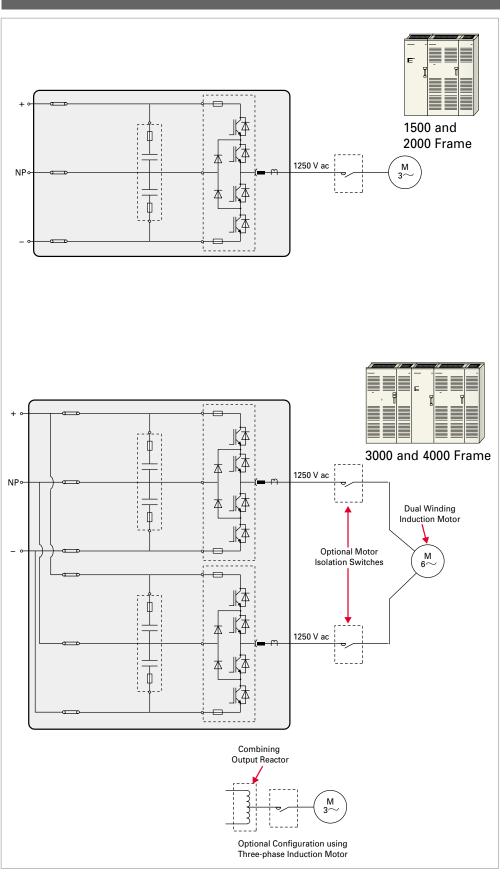


# Converter





# TMdrive-30 IGBT Inverter



# TMdrive-30 Converter Specifications

	Frame	Weight kg (lbs)	Full Load Losses kW	Control Power va	Converter Output Power kW (hp)	Current A ac	Current A dc	Allowable Overload %
Non-Regenerative Diode (TMdrive	-D30) 🕦	(DC)						
2375 mm (94 in)	3400	2200 (4840)	15	800	3300 (4424)	1496 1316 1182 972	1895 1613 1448 1191	150-60s 175-60s 200-60s 250-60s
2200 mm <i>(87 in)</i>						807	989	300-60s
Regenerative Thyristor (TMdrive-T	3300	3000 (6600)	21	1500	3300 (4424)	1496 1426 1253 1110 1496 1236 1044 898	1833 1747 1535 1360 1833 1515 1280 1100	150-10s 200-10s 250-10s 300-10s 150-60s 200-60s 250-60s 300-60s
2600 mm (102 in) 1200 mm (47 in)	6000	3300 (7260)	41	2400	6000 (8043)	2720 2566 2255 2007 2720 2225 1877 1616	3333 3144 2763 2460 3333 2727 2300 1980	150-10s 200-10s 250-10s 300-10s 150-60s 200-60s 250-60s 300-60s
Regenerative IGBT (TMdrive-P30)	() (DC)	<del>)</del>						
2400 mm (87 in)	2000	1600 (3520)	25	1000	1733 (2323)	929 796 697 557 465	963 825 722 577 482	150-60s 175-60s 200-60s 250-60s 300-60s
3400 mm (134 in)	4000	2600 (5720)	50	2000	3465 (4645)	1858 1593 1394 1115 929	1925 1650 1444 1155 963	150-60s 175-60s 200-60s 250-60s 300-60s

# Non-Regenerative Converter (TMdrive-D30) Example

When specifying a converter, start from the process requirements and work through the motor to the inverter, and then the associated converter. The following example illustrates this process (continuation of inverter application example on page 9).

Compute the operating voltage of the dc bus. It is assumed that the converter is dedicated to the inverter specified in the application example on page 9.

 $V_{dc\;Bus}$ 

= 1.35 x V<sub>Converter line-to-line</sub>

 $= 1.35 \times 700$ 

= 900 V

2

Compute the continuous dc current requirement of the converter based on its power requirement.

 $I_{dc Converter} = kW_{Shaft} \times 1000$ 

 $\mathsf{Eff}_{\mathsf{Mtr}} \, \mathsf{x} \, \mathsf{Eff}_{\mathsf{Inv}} \, \mathsf{x} \, \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{dc} \, \mathsf{Bus}} \, \mathsf{x} \, \mathsf{2}$ 

= 1500 kW x 1000 0.954 x 0.98 x 900 x 2

= 891 amps

Scan the specifications in the nonregenerative converter table above for a frame where the continuous current rating exceeds 891 amps. The **3400** 

frame meets this criterion (1895 amps), thus is the appropriate non-regenerative converter for this application.

Current dc	Overload – Time
1895	150% – 60s
1613	175% – 60s
1448	200% – 60s
1191	250% – 60s
989	300% – 60s

# Regenerative Converter (TMdrive-P30) Example

When specifying a converter, start from the process requirements and work through the motor to the inverter, and then the associated converter. The following example illustrates this process (continuation of inverter application example on page 9):

Compute kW requirements into the inverter. It is assumed that the converter is dedicated to the inverter specified in the application example on page 9. It is also assumed that the converter is controlled to unity power factor.

 $kW_{dc} = \underbrace{kW_{Shaft}}_{Eff_{Mtr}}$   $= \underbrace{1500 \text{ kW}}_{0.954}$  = 1580 kW

Compute continuous ac current requirement of the converter based on its power requirements.

$$\begin{split} I_{ac\,Converter} &= \frac{kW_{dc} \times 1000}{\sqrt{3} \times V_{Converter\,line-to-line\,voltage} \times Eff_{Converter} \times Eff_{Inverter}} \\ &= \frac{1580 \ kW \times 1000}{\sqrt{3} \times 1100 \ V \times 0.985 \times 0.98 \times 2} \\ &= 430 \ amps \end{split}$$

Note: For sizing systems with peak powers in regenerative mode, a different equation is used to compute power requirements.

$$kW_{dc} = kW_{Shaft} \times (Eff_{Mtr} \times Eff_{Inverter})$$

Scan the regenerative converter table for entries that exceeds your overload (175%), time (60 sec) and continuous current requirements (430 amps). In this case the 2000 frame TMdrive- P30 meets the requirement and is appropriate for this application.

Current A ac	Overload – Time
1858	150% – 60s
1593	175% – 60s
1394	200% – 60s
1115	250% - 60s
929	300% – 60s

aneous

Main Circuit Input Voltage Variation	± 10%	Control Power	180-220 V ac, 50 Hz 3-phase	
Input Frequency	50/60 Hz ±20%		198-242 V ac, 60 Hz 3-phase	
TMdrive-P30 Input Chopping	1.5 kHz	Displacement Power Factor (at all loads)	TMdrive-D30 - 0.98 TMdrive-T30 - 0.71 to 0.98 depending on application TMdrive-P30 - Unity power factor	

## **Converter Notes**

- TMdrive-D30 and TMdrive-P30 converters and TMdrive-T30 capacitor panels are 800mm (32in) in depth. TMdrive-T30 thyristor panels are 1000mm (40in) in depth.
- Allocate a minimum of 500mm (20 in) above the cabinet for an maintenance. All equipment requires a steel support of at least 50mm (2 in) under the panel which is not included in these dimensions.
- 3. The specified current ratings are continuous to which the referenced overload can be applied. Refer to the application example.
- 4. All TMdrive-30 equipment supports bottom cable entry standard. Top cable entry is support with adjacent auxiliary cabinets.
- All TMdrive-30 equipment requires 3-phase control power and the kVA requirements shown in the rating tables are continuous. In addition, TMdrive-D30 and TMdrive-P30 converters have additional transient bus charging requirements of 30 amps peak.
- 6. All TMdrive-30 converters require an external circuit breaker.
- TMdrive-T30 converters require external dc link reactors.
   TMdrive-P30 converters require external ac link reactors or high impendence transformer.
- 8. TMdrive-30 converters pull air in the front and exhaust out the top of cabinets.
- 9. TMdrive-30 dc common bus is limited to 1640 amps.
- TMdrive-P30 and TMdrive-T30 require ac-phase rotation to match system elementaries.

- 11. There are no restrictions on the total dc bus length or the minimum capacitance connected to any of these converters. For maximum capacitance consult the factory when the combined capacity of all connected inverters exceeds 1 times the rating of the TMdrive-P30 converters or 2.5 times the rating of the TMdrive-D30 converter. There are no maximum capacitance restrictions for the TMdrive-T30 converter.
- 12. TMdrive-D30 and TMdrive-T30 losses are proportional to load current. TMdrive-P30 losses are 40% fixed with the remaining losses proportional to current. Converter efficiency can be estimated at any load by properly combining static and load related losses.
- The maximum shipping split for TMdrive-30 equipment is 3 m (118 in).
- 14. TMdrive-P30 converters require 1300mm (51 in) minimum front access and 50 mm (3 in) back clearance. Other converters require 1050 mm (41 in) minimum access front and back.
- TMdrive-P30 converters require isolation transformers with single or dual secondaries and optional ac reactor for total impedance of 12%.
- High temperature current derating: -2.5% per °C above 40 °C for TMdrive-T30 and TMdrive-D30 converters. No high temperature derating for TMdrive-P30 converters.
- Low temperature current derating: -1.75% per °C below 0 °C for TMdrive-P30 converters. No derating for TMdrive-T30 or TMdrive-D30 converters.

# TMdrive-30 **Inverter Specifications**

	Frame	Weight kg (lbs)	Full Load Losses kW	Control Power va	Inverter Output KVA	Motor Output Power kW (hp)	Motor Current A ac	Allowable Overload %
IGBT Inverter (TMdrive-30)	(±) (AC)	<b>O</b>						
							924	150
2406 mm (95 in)							792	175
90 mi	2000	1300 (2860)	25	1000	2000	1615 (2165)	693	200
2406 n							554	250
1800 mm (71 in)							462	300
							1848	150
(95.							1584	175
2406 mm (95 in)	4000	2300 (5060)	50	2000	4000	3230 (4330)	1386	200
77		, ,					1109	250
3000 mm (118 in)							924	300

## **Inverter Example**

When specifying an inverter, start from the process requirements and work through the motor to the inverter. The following example illustrates this process.



Define process requirements.



Select motor based on process requirements and compute required

- 1500 kW (2000 hp)
- 900 rpm, 1200 V
- Efficiency = 0.954
- Power factor = 0.765
- Service factor = 1.15

 $kW_{Shaft} = 1500 kW$ (2000 hp)

The motor delivers constant torque from zero to base speed of 900 rpm and 1500 kW (2000 hp).

Duty cycle requires 175% for 10 sec. but has rms duty cycle of 1500 kW (2000 hp).

inverter kVA.

Compute continuous current requirements for the inverter based on the selected motor.

Select inverter based on continuous current and overload requirements.

Scan the 175% entries in the inverter tables for a frame where the continuous current rating exceeds 1138 amps. The 3000 frame meets this criterion (1188 amps) and is appropriate for this application.

Current A ac	Allowable Overload %
1386	150
(1188)	175
1040	200
832	250
693	300

 $I_{\text{ac Inverter}} = \underbrace{kW_{\text{Shaft}} \times 1000 \times \text{SF}_{\text{Mtr}}}_{\text{Eff}_{\text{Mtr}} \times \text{PF}_{\text{Mtr}} \times \sqrt{3} \times V_{\text{Motor rated voltage}}}$ 

= 1500 x 1000 x 1.15  $0.954 \times 0.765 \times \sqrt{3} \times 1200 \text{ V}$ 

= 1138 amps

Inverter Power Output			
Output Voltage	0-1250 V		
Output Frequency	0-120 Hz Continuous operation below 0.4 Hz requires derate		
Output Chopping Frequency	1.5 kHz		
Inverter Type Modulation	3-level voltage converter Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)		
Power Semiconductor Technology	Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT)		

Mechani Enclosure Cable Entrance	Mechanical (Inverters and Converters)				
	NEMA 1 (IP20) IP32 or IP31 optional				
		Bottom is standard Top with optional auxiliary cabinet			
Wire Colors		Per CSA/UL and CE			
Short Circuit Ratings		100 kA for ac and dc buswork 10 kA for control power			
Acoustic Nois	se	≤ 68 dB			
Mean Time to	Repair	30 minutes to replace power bridge phase-leg			
MTBF		> 41,000 hours			
Code Conforr	mance	Applicable IEC, JIS, JEM, UL, CSA and NEMA standards			



With Speed Sensor (Resolver or Encoder)

Speed regulator accuracy: +/- 0.01% Maximum speed response: 60 rad/sec

Torque linearity: +/- 3% with temperature sensor

+/- 10% without temperature sensor

Maximum Torque current response: 1000 rad/sec Torque range: 0-400% of rated motor torque Maximum flux control range: 20%-100%

Without Speed Sensor

Speed regulator accuracy: +/- 0.1% with temperature sensor

+/- 0.2% without temperature sensor

(Using 1% slip motor at rated flux)

Maximum speed regulator response: 20 rad/sec

Minimum continuous speed: 3%

Torque linearity: +/- 10%

Maximum Torque current response: 1000 rad/sec Torque range: 0-150% of rated motor torque Maximum flux control range: 75%-100%



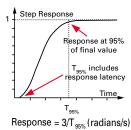
#### **Environmental** (Inverters and Converters)

Operating Temperature	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F) at rated load -20 to 50°C (-4 to 122°F) with derating
Storage Temperature	-25 to 55°C (-13 to 131°F)
Humidity	5 to 95% relative humidity Non-condensing
Altitude	0 to 5000 m (16,400 ft) above sea level Derate voltage 2.25% per 200 m (656 ft) above 1800 m (5905 ft) Derate TMdrive-30 and TMdrive-P30 current 1% per 200 m (656 ft) above 3500 m (11,480 ft) Derate TMdrive-T30 and TMdrive-D30 current 1% per 200 m (656 ft) above 1000 m (3280 ft)
Vibration	10-50 Hz, < 4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> (0.5 G)

#### **Inverter Notes**

- 1. All cabinets shown are 800 mm (32 in) in depth. All equipment requires a steel support at least 50 mm (2 in) under the panel (not included in these dimensions).
- 2. A minimum of 500 mm (20 in) should be reserved above cabinets for fan maintenance. No back access is required. Reserve 1300 mm (50 in) front clearance for maintenance.
- 3. Motor power ratings based assume 150% overloads, motor efficiency of 95%, motor power factor of 0.85, ambient temperature 0-40°C (32-104°F), and altitude below 1000 m (3280 ft) above sea level. Use actual motor data for final inverter selection.
- 4. The specified current ratings are continuous to which indicated overload can be applied for a maximum of 60 seconds. Refer to application on page 8.
- Inverters support bottom cable entry. For 1500 and 2000 frames, top cable entry is supported with one auxiliary cabinet 600 mm (24 in). For 3000 and 4000 frames two auxiliary cabinets are required.
- 6. Each of the inverters require 3-phase control power.
- 7. For high-performance torque regulation, a temperature sensor is mounted in the motor.

8. Speed and current regulator responses are computed per the adjacent figure in radians/s. Speed regulator responses shown are maximum available. Actual response will be limited by drive train mechanical conditions. Accuracy and linearity specifications shown are as measured under controlled conditions in our lab and while typical may not be achievable in all systems.



- 9. Air is pulled in through the front and out the top for all cabinets.
- 10. The dc bus for the lineup has a maximum capacity of 1640A.
- 11. Temperature current derating all frames: -1.75% per °C below 0°C. No high temperature derating.
- 12. Maximum shipping split for the factory is 3 m for this equipment.
- 13. The ratings shown in green in the inverter table for motor currents and the associated overload percent indicate the maximum peak current that inverter frame can produce.

# **Operator Interfaces**

## Standard Display (Inverters and Regenerative Converters)



Optional analog meters can be supplied in addition to either the standard or enhanced display. For cabinet style equipment, four meters are provided. Three-digit display alternates between speed and current while running, or a fault code when there is an error.



Three LEDs give a quick indication of the status of the unit



RJ-45 Ethernet<sup>™</sup> port is used for local toolbox connection

Interlock button disables the drive

#### LED Indication

Ready On when the unit is

ready to run
Running On when the unit

is running

Alarm/Fault Blinking LED indicates

alarm condition, while solid LED indicates

a fault

## **Keypad Option (Inverters and Regenerative Converters)**

#### **High Function Display**

- LCD backlight gives great visibility and long life
- Bar graphs, icons, menus, and digital values combine to provide concise status information, often eliminating the need for traditional analog meters

RJ-45 Ethernet port is used for the local toolbox connection



Instrumentation Interface

- Two analog outputs are dedicated to motor current feedback
- Five analog outputs can be mapped to variables for external data logging and analysis

Interlock button disables the drive

Easy-to-understand navigation buttons allow quick access to information without resorting to a PCbased tool

Switch to local mode and operate the equipment right from the keypad

## Non-Regenerative Converters (TMdrive-D30)

# Controls

- Precharge circuit
- "On/Off" switch
- "Reset/Fault" switch

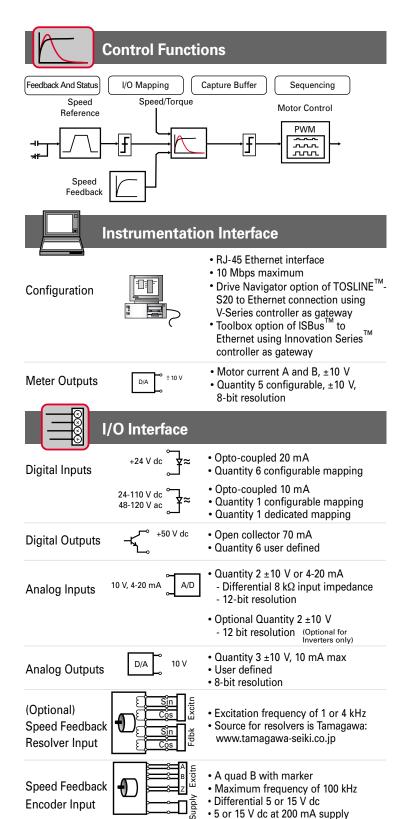


#### Bus Charged Indicator

#### Indicating Lamps

- Green ac breaker open
- White ac breaker closed
- Yellow precharging
- Red fault
- Orange alarm

# A Common Control To Reduce Cost Of Ownership





## **LAN Interface Options**

#### TOSLINE-S20

- Supports run-time control (6 words in and 10 words out) from an Innovation Series controller or V Series controller
- Drives can directly exchange data between themselves (4 words)
- · Fiber-optic bus in a star configuration
- 2 Mbps peer-to-peer protocol; bus scan time based on the number of nodes:

Quantity of Nodes	Bus Scan Time
2-3	1 ms
4-5	2 ms
6-8	4 ms
9-64	25 ms

#### **ISBus**

- Supports both run-time control (10 words in and 10 words out) and Toolbox configuration/monitoring using the Innovation Series controller as a gateway between the ISBus and Ethernet
- RS-485 or optional fiber-optic bus in a synchronous ring configuration
- 5 Mbps master/follower (drive is the follower) protocol using copper or fiber; bus scan time based on the number of nodes:

Quantity of Nodes	Bus Scan Time
2-4	1 ms
5-8	2 ms
6 - 16	4 ms
17-32	8 ms

#### Modbus

- · Supports run-time control (fixed 10 words in/out) from a Modbus-RTU controller
- RS-485 copper bus
- 1.2 kbps to 57.6 kbps master/follower protocol; update rates up to 20 ms/node possible at the highest baud rate
- Number of notes: 127 max per LAN

# MELPLAC<sup>™</sup> Net

- Supports run-time control (8 words in and out) from MELPLAC Net master controller
- Fiber-optic bus
- 1 Mbps peer-to-peer protocol, cyclic transmission
- Number of nodes: 128 local station max

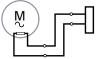
# Profibus-DP<sup>™</sup>

- Supports run-time control (6 words in and 10 out) from a Profibus-DP master controller
- Copper bus in a daisy-chain configuration
- 9.6 kbps to 12 Mbps master/follower protocol; bus scan time based on the number of nodes

# **DeviceNet**<sup>™</sup>

- Supports run-time control (4 words in and 10 words out) from a DeviceNet master controller
- Copper bus in a daisy-chain configuration
- 125 kbps to 500 kbps master/follower protocol; bus scan time based on the number of nodes

Note: 1 word = 16 bits



Speed Tach

**Temperature** 

Feedback

Motor

Follower Output

• High-resolution torque motor temperature feedback

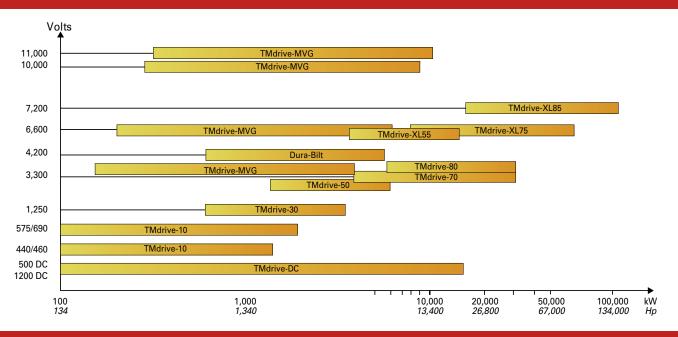
· Maximum frequency of 10 kHz

• External 15-24 V dc at

100 mA max

1  $k\Omega$  positive temperature coefficient RTD or other sensor using optional signal conditioning module

# TMdrive System Drives Offer Complete Coverage





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